

2024 ISSUES CONFERENCE

December 13, 2024 10:00 AM - 12:30 PM





Housing Developments: Recent Legislation on Building, Renting, and Buying in Connecticut

2024 ISSUES CONFERENCE OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH

Many factors impact housing affordability and availability

Housing Supply Factors

- Restrictive zoning regulations
- Local permitting processes
- Post-Great Recession construction dip
- Financing challenges for developers
- Land and construction costs
- Shifting demographics (e.g., increase in single-person households)

Effects of Limited Supply

- Tight rental market (increasing rents)
- Competitive homebuying market (increasing purchasing costs)
- Stress on household budgets
- Increasing housing instability (e.g., eviction proceedings and homelessness)
- Difficulty housing workforce
- Limited housing options and residential mobility

Presentation Overview



Bird's Eye View

More comprehensive information on OLR's website

- Issues Conference Page
- Acts Affecting Housing & Real Estate
- Acts Affecting Municipalities
- OLR Reports



Part I: Zoning's Impact on Housing Supply

Jess Schaeffer-Helmecki Senior Legislative Attorney





Zoning 101

- Who has authority over zoning?
- What is zoning?
- How has it shaped Connecticut?
- The debate

Municipalities have zoning authority (usually)

- General principle: towns, as creations of the state, have only the powers that the state grants them (e.g., Simons v. Canty, 195 Conn. 524 (1985))
- State generally gives zoning authority to towns, with parameters (CGS § 8-2, special acts)
 - Except, for example:
 - State building code
 - State fire safety code and state fire prevention code
 - Affordable Housing Land Use Appeals Procedure (or "8-30g")

What is zoning?

- Municipal regulations that dictate what can go where, how it should look, and how it can be used
- Impacts amount of housing that is built and where it is built
- Minimum parking, minimum lot size, maximum building height

How do towns zone? Salon I Reas

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Elected zoning commission

- Set of rules and maps
- As-of-right developments vs. case-by-case

DWNHALL

Zoning concepts

- Mixed-use developments
- Middle housing
- Transit-oriented development (TOD)

Much of Connecticut is not zoned for multifamily housing







Much of Connecticut is not zoned for multifamily housing



The debate

Most people agree we need more housing ...

Fewer local zoning restrictions = more housing = more affordable housing

Encourage a variety of housing types (middle housing, low- and moderate-income housing)

Towns know what they need and should retain local control over zoning

Preserve local character

We should have walkable, mixeduse development near public transit stations

Our infrastructure can't handle denser development

but stakeholders often have different priorities



Recent Changes to Zoning Laws

- Overarching Zoning Authority
- Development Assistance for Municipalities
- As-of-Right Developments

Recent Change: Overarching Authority

Changes to the Zoning Enabling Act

- Statutes that govern most towns' zoning authority
- In 2021, reorganized to clarify what zoning regulations must, can, or cannot require
- Many changes focused on clarifying local responsibility for providing housing opportunities (PA 21-29, §§ 3-5)

Recent Changes: Development Assistance

- Municipal Redevelopment Authority (MRDA)
 - In 2023, began funding quasi-public agency to stimulate economic and transitoriented development
 - Provide financial support and technical assistance
 - To participate, municipality must designate a "housing growth zone" (e.g., PA 23-204, \S 1, 31 & 194-198 and PA 24-81, \S 82-85 & 243)

Recent Changes: As-of-Right Developments

• Conversions of vacant nursing homes to multifamily housing

Municipality must allow if the nursing home is a freestanding building that has been vacant for at least 90 days and is not a nonconforming use (PA 24-143, § 3)

• "Middle housing" developments

If town allows middle housing developments as of right and units are built, it receives credit toward an 8-30g moratorium (PA 24-143, §§ 10-12)

• Accessory dwelling units (or "ADUs" or "accessory apartments")

Requires most municipalities to allow ADUs as of right on the same lot as singlefamily homes, unless the municipality opted out before 2023 (PA 21-29)

Potential Legislation on Zoning



Transit-Oriented Development

• Work, Live, Ride





As-of-Right Development

- Commercial to residential
- Temporary shelters on religious organizations' property

Limiting Individuals' Interventions in Land Use Proceedings

- Protest petitions
- Standing to challenge residential building permits
- Land use decision appeals

Part II: Renter Protections

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Associate Legislative Analyst

Renters typically spend more of their income on housing than homeowners



HUD considers households spending **30% or more** of their income on housing costs as "cost burdened."

Those spending **50% or more** are considered "severely cost burdened."

In Connecticut, **nearly half** of renter households are cost burdened.

Source: Partnership for Strong Communities analysis of 2020 Census Bureau ACS 5-year estimates

The Debate: Renter Protections vs Landlord Business Environment

While renters and landlords may agree more housing is needed, they sometimes voice different concerns.

Tenants & Advocates	Landlords & Property Managers
Excessive rent increases	Costs of regulation being passed on to renters
No-fault or retaliatory evictions	Problematic tenants; eviction process cost/timeframe; and property rights
Rental unit safety conditions	Programmatic delays (e.g., inefficient inspection processes for rental assistance programs)
Housing access and discrimination	Safety and quality of life for current tenants
Enforcement of existing landlord-tenant laws and local housing codes	Excessive regulation resulting in reduced housing supply and increased rents

Current Protections Against Rent Increases

Fair Rent Commissions

- Towns are authorized to establish fair rent commissions to "control and eliminate" excessive rental charges
- Towns with a population of at least 25,000 must have a commission
- Among other things, commissions can receive rent complaints and issue rent reduction orders based on specified considerations (e.g., rents for comparable units and necessary repairs)

Protected Tenants

- State law allows certain "protected tenants" living in a town with <u>no fair rent commission</u> to bring action in court to contest an excessive rent increase
- "Protected tenants" are generally those who (1) live in a building with at least five separate units and (2) are age 62 or older or have a disability
- These tenants also cannot be evicted solely because their lease has expired

State law does not allow towns to adopt rent control ordinances



Recent Renter Protection Laws

- Rental Affordability
- Housing Quality & Code
 Enforcement
- Landlord-Tenant (e.g., leases and eviction process)

Recent Laws: Rental Affordability

Торіс	Summary
Fair Rent Commissions (PA 22-30)	Required municipalities with populations of at least 25,000 to have a fair rent commission (by July 1, 2023)
Rent Increase Notice (PA 24-143, §§ 16 & 17)	Required landlords to give residential tenants at least 45 days' written notice of proposed rent increases, or an amount of notice that equals the full length of the lease for tenants with lease terms of one month or less

Recent Laws: Rental Affordability

Торіс	Summary
Tenant Fees & Charges (PA 23-207, §§ 5-8)	Set limits on the (1) rental application-related fees and payments that landlords may require from prospective tenants and (2) late fees that landlords may impose for overdue rent
Security Deposits (PA 23-207, §§ 38 & 39)	Generally shortened the timeframe for landlords to return a tenant's security deposit and interest on deposits

Other Recent Renter Protection Laws



Pre-Occupancy Inspections



Standardized Leases



Housing Code Violations



Eviction Record Removal

Renter Protections: Potential Legislation

- Rental Affordability
- Housing Access (tenant screening)
- Eviction Protections
- Housing Code Enforcement
- Streamlining Assistance Programs for Lower-Income Renters



Potential Legislation: Rental Affordability

Торіс	Summary
Fair Rent Commissions (e.g., SB 907(2023))	Reduce the population threshold (currently 25,000) that requires towns to have a fair rent commission
Rent Control (e.g., HB 6588 (2023))	Establish statewide rent control by limiting allowable rent increases for occupied units (e.g., Oregon) or authorize towns to adopt rent control ordinances within certain parameters (e.g., New Jersey)

Potential Legislation: Rental Affordability

Торіс	Summary
Rental Savings Accounts (e.g., SB 147 (2024))	Establish tax-advantaged rental savings accounts that tenants may use for rental expenses
Rental Assistance	Expand or provide additional funding for existing state programs providing assistance to lower-income renters (e.g., DOH's Rental Assistance Program (RAP))

Other Potential Renter Legislation Topics



Tenant Criminal History



Streamlining Rental Assistance



No-Fault Evictions



Housing Code Enforcement

Part III: Homebuyer Assistance and Incentives

George Miles

Senior Legislative Attorney

Current Assistance



Connecticut Housing Finance Authority Act (CGS Chapter 134) Connecticut Housing Finance Authority (CHFA)

Current Assistance: CHFA

- Quasi-public agency with a 16-member board of directors
- Main purpose: alleviate the shortage of housing for low- and moderateincome individuals and families in Connecticut
- Authorized to borrow and raise money through bonding
- Empowered to make housing-related loans and grants, including mortgage loans and assistance with down payments, closing costs, and mortgage insurance premiums

Current Assistance: CHFA's Programs

Downpayment Assistance	Time To Own	HFA Preferred [™] Loan	HFA Advantage® Loan
Program		Program	Program
Government Insured Mortgage Programs	FHA 203(k) Standard and 203(k) Limited Rehabilitation Mortgage Programs	Home of Your Own Mortgage Program	Homeownership Mortgage Program
Military Homeownership	Police Homeownership	Teachers Mortgage	Mobile Manufactured Home
Program	Program	Assistance Program	Mortgage Program

- Help homebuyers purchase single-family residences or condominium units or middle housing (i.e., two- to four-unit homes)
- Over \$500 million loaned annually

- Based on state statutes, administrative procedures, and federal law
- Must be (1) a "first-time homebuyer" (i.e., someone who has never purchased a house before or who has not had an ownership interest in a principal residence for the past three years) OR (2) purchasing a home in a federally designated area targeted for revitalization
- Must satisfy income and sales price limits

Income Limits (as of 5/13/24)

						MIDDLESEX COUNTY	Househ	old Size
	Househ	old Size		Househ	old Size		1 or 2	3 or more
NEW HAVEN COUNTY			HARTFORD COUNTY			Chester, Cromwell, Durham,		
	1 or 2	3 or more		1 or 2	3 or more	East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam,	\$122,300	\$140,645
*Ansonia, Beacon Falls, Derby,	\$130,300	\$149,845	Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, *Bristol,			Middlefield, *Middletown, Portland.		
Milford, Oxford, Seymour.	•••••	•••••	Burlington, Canton, East Granby,			Clinton, Deep River, Essex,		
Bethany, Branford, Cheshire, East			*East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield,			Killingworth, Old Saybrook, Westbrook.	\$145,400	\$167,210
Haven, Guilford, Hamden, Madison,			Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby,			*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census T	Fracts on name	3)
*Meriden, Middlebury, Naugatuck,			*Hartford, Hartland, *Manchester,	6400.000	6140.045	Middletown		\$171,220
*New Haven, North Branford,	\$122,300	\$140,645	Marlborough, *New Britain, Newington,	\$122,300	\$140,645	Middletown	\$140,700	\$171,220
North Haven, Orange, Prospect,			Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury,				Househ	old Size
Southbury, Wallingford, *Waterbury,			Southington, South Windsor, Suffield			TOLLAND COUNTY	1 or 2	3 or more
*West Haven, Wolcott, Woodbridge.			West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor,			Andover, Bolton, Columbia,		
*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census Ti	racts on pag	e 3)	Windsor Locks.			Coventry, Ellington, Hebron,	6400.000	6440 C45
Ansonia,	\$156,360	\$182,420	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census T	racts on page	3)	Mansfield, Somers, Stafford,	\$122,300	\$140,645
Meriden, New Haven, Waterbury,	\$146,760	\$171,220	Bristol, East Hartford, Hartford,	64.40 700	6474 000	Tolland, Union, *Vernon, Willington.		
West Haven.	\$140,70U	φ171,220	Manchester, New Britain.	\$146,760	\$171,220	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census	Tracts on page	e 3)

Income Limits (as of 5/13/24)

			FAIRFIELD COUNTY	Househ	old Size
NEW LONDON COUNTY			FAIRFIELD COUNTY	1 or 2	3 or more
	1 or 2	3 or more	Bethel, Brookfield, *Danbury,		
Bozrah, East Lyme, Franklin,			New Fairfield, Newtown, Redding,	\$147,700	\$169,855
*Griswold, *Groton, Ledyard, Lisbon,			Ridgefield, Sherman.		
Lyme, Montville, *New London,	\$122,300	\$140,645	*Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Monroe,	£422.500	£452.020
North Stonington, *Norwich,	,		Shelton, Stratford, Trumbull.	\$133,590	\$153,630
Old Lyme, Preston, Salem, Sprague,			Darien, Greenwich, New Canaan,		
Stonington, Voluntown, Waterford.			*Norwalk, *Stamford, Weston,	\$180,500	\$207,575
Colchester, Lebanon.	\$148,500	\$170,775	Westport, Wilton.		
*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census	s Tracts on pag	ie 3)	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census 7	racts on page	3)
Griswold, Groton, New London,	\$146,760	\$171,220	Bridgeport	\$146,760	\$171,220
Norwich.	\$140,100	<i>4,220</i>	Danbury	\$177,240	\$206,780
			Norwalk, Stamford	\$216,600	\$252,700

	LITCHFIELD COUNTY	Househ	Household Size			
	EITCHPIEED COONTY	1 or 2	3 or more			
	Barkhamsted, Bethlehem, Bridgewater Canaan, Colebrook, Cornwall, Goshen, Harwinton, Kent, Litchfield, Morris, New Hartford, New Milford, Norfolk, North Canaan, Plymouth, Roxbury, Salisbury, Sharon, Thomaston, *Torrington, Warren, Washington, Watertown, Winchester, Woodbury.	\$122,300	\$140,645			
	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census T	racts on page	3)			
	Torrington	\$146,760	\$171,220			
	WINDHAM COUNTY	Household Size				
-		1 or 2	3 or more			
	Ashford, Brooklyn, Canterbury, Chaplin, Eastford, Hampton, Killingly, Plainfield, Pomfret, Putnam, Scotland, Sterling, Thompson, *Windham, Woodstock.	\$122,300	\$140,645			
	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census	Tracts on pag	e 3)			
	Windham	\$146,760	\$171,220			

Sales Price Limits (as of 5/13/24)

				MIDDLESEX COUNTY	Existing & New
NEW HAVEN COUNTY	Existing & New		Existing & New	Chester, Clinton, Cromwell, Deep River, Durham, East Haddam,	
*Ansonia, Beacon Falls, Bethany, Branford, Cheshire, Derby, East Haven, Guilford, Hamden,		Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, *Bristol, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, *East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield,		East Hampton, Essex, Haddam, Killingworth, Middlefield, *Middletown, Old Saybrook, Portland, Westbrook.	\$510,935
Madison, *Meriden, Middlebury, Milford, Naugatuck, *New Haven,	\$510,935	\$510,935 Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, *Hartford, Hartland, *Manchester,	\$510,935	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census 7 Middletown	racts on page 3) \$624,480
North Branford, North Haven, Orange, Oxford, Prospect, Seymour,		Marlborough, *New Britain, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, Suffield		TOLLAND COUNTY	Existing & New
Southbury, Wallingford, *Waterbury, *West Haven, Wolcott, Woodbridge.		West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, Windsor Locks.		Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron,	\$510,935
*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census	Tracts on page 3)	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census Tra	octs on page 3)	Mansfield, Somers, Stafford,	4010,000
Ansonia, Meriden, New Haven, Waterbury, West Haven.	\$624,480	Bristol, East Hartford, Hartford, Manchester, New Britain.	\$624,480	Tolland, Union, *Vernon, Willington. *TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census 7	racts on page 3)
				Vernon	\$624,480

Sales Price Limits (as of 5/13/24)

LITCHEIELD COUNTY

Evicting 9 No.

				LITCHFIELD COUNTY	Existing & New
		_		Barkhamsted, Bethlehem, Bridgewater Canaan, Colebrook, Cornwall, Goshen, Harwinton, Kent, Litchfield, Morris,	
NEW LONDON COUNTY	Existing & New	l,		New Hartford, New Milford, Norfolk,	\$510,935
Parrah Calabastar Fast Luma		FAIRFIELD COUNTY	Existing & New	North Canaan, Plymouth, Roxbury,	\$010,000
Bozrah, Colchester, East Lyme,		Pothol *Pridaoport Prockfield		Salisbury, Sharon, Thomaston,	
Franklin, *Griswold, *Groton,		Bethel, *Bridgeport, Brookfield,		*Torrington, Warren, Washington,	
Lebanon, Ledyard, Lisbon, Lyme,		*Danbury, Darien, Easton, Fairfield,		Watertown, Winchester, Woodbury.	
Montville, *New London,	\$510,935	Greenwich, Monroe, New Canaan,	¢050.000	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census 7	racts on page 3)
North Stonington, *Norwich,		New Fairfield, Newtown, *Norwalk,	\$650,000	Torrington	\$624,480
Old Lyme, Preston, Salem,		Redding, Ridgefield, Shelton,			
Sprague, Stonington, Voluntown,		Sherman, *Stamford, Stratford,		WINDHAM COUNTY	Existing & New
Waterford.		Trumbull, Weston, Westport, Wilton.		Ashford Brooklyn Contorbuny	
*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Censu	s Tracts on page 3)	*TARGET AREAS - (Eligible Census Tr	acts on page 3)	Ashford, Brooklyn, Canterbury,	
Griswold, Groton, New London,	\$624,480	Bridgeport, Danbury, Norwalk, Stamford.	\$650,000	Chaplin, Eastford, Hampton,	
Norwich.				Killinghy Disinfield Demfret	CE10 02E
	\$02 I, 100			Killingly, Plainfield, Pomfret,	\$510,935
	\$62 I, IO			Putnam, Scotland, Sterling,	\$510,955
	402 I, IO				\$010,900
				Putnam, Scotland, Sterling,	

Recent Developments: CHFA

Small Multifamily Lending Program (PA 23-45, § 9)

• Helps community development financial institutions and others acquire certain small multifamily properties (generally those with between two and 20 units)

Smart Rate Pilot Interest Rate Reduction Program

• Provides a 1.125% interest rate reduction on a CHFA mortgage to borrowers with unpaid student loan debt balance of at least \$15,000

Time to Own Program

• Allocated an additional \$40 million through a State Bond Commission authorization

Potential Legislation – Recurring Proposals



 Proposals heard or voted out of: Appropriations; Banking; Commerce; Finance, Revenue & Bonding; Higher Education & Employment; Housing; Insurance & Real Estate; and Planning & Development

Recurring Proposal: Learn Here, Live Here

Latest Iteration – SB 160 (2024)

- Required the program to be created (existing law has allowed for this since 2011)
- Allowed eligible graduates to divert up to \$2,500 per year from their income tax payments for up to 10 years after graduation towards purchasing their first home
- Extended eligibility beyond graduates of certain in-state postsecondary institutions to those of in-state public and private high schools
- Limited eligibility to people whose annual federal adjusted gross income is \$75,000 or less (existing law does not have an income limit)

Recurring Proposal: Savings Account

Latest Iteration – HB 5344 (2024)

- Created personal income tax deductions up to \$2,500 for single filers and \$5,000 for joint filers for funds deposited into a savings account dedicated to purchasing a first home provided the account holders have a federal adjusted gross income below \$100,000 for single filers or \$200,000 for joint filers
- Established a business tax credit for employers who similarly contribute to the account of their employees, up to \$2,500 per employee
- Required the Department of Revenue Services to implement the tax deduction and credit, including by preparing associated forms

Recurring Proposal: Property Tax Abatements

Latest Iteration – HB 5167 (2024)

- Allowed municipalities to abate up to \$500 in property taxes per assessment year on a residential property owned by someone who purchased it with a CHFA-issued mortgage for first-time homebuyers
- Required the property to be encumbered by such a mortgage
- Capped abatements at five assessment years

Questions?





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